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HOSPITAL FOR SPECIAL SURGERY WORLD COMES TO GET BACK IN THE GAME

3D Printing: Innovative Use of Technology for the Hand Therapist

Eugenia Papadopoulos, OTD, OTR/L,CHT

The Future of Technology is Here!

First episode of the Jetsons aired September 23, 1962 (based on Futurism)

Facetime

Telehealth



Internet

Pre-historic Apple watch

What is 3D Printing?



- It is an additive manufacturing process, where a layer of material is fused to another layer creating a 3D object, versus a subtractive process where material is removed to get to the desired shape.
- The object is printed using a computer-generated design.
- Objects can be printed using various materials, which are chosen depending on their characteristics ie. Durability, strength, flexibility

When to Use 3D Printing?

×---problem analysis idea realization plan SUCCESS shutterstock.com · 650764684

When you have a problem that requires a solution.

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3dprinting.png www.davidbiles.co.uk

Three Methods of Design

- Computer Assisted Design (CAD)
- Scanning
- Open source

Computer Assistive Design (CAD)



Basically Engineering

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Scanners: You Can Print What You Scan





"Open source" (free sharing) **Repositories for pre-made models**



Cost: free









By mgeorge3 G stand for Iphone 4, 4S, 5

By Moby inc Moby iphone dock

PLA / ABS Filament





What is the cost of 3D Printing?

- Short answer: Very cheap
- 1kg of Thermoplastic filament is approximately \$20
- \$0.02 a gram
- Smart phone case weighs 20-25 grams
- Can print a phone case for less than \$0.50
- A lot less than if you bought it

7 Categories of additive manufacturing

Categories

- Material extrusion
- Powder bed fusion
 - Vat photopolymerization
- Binder jetting
- Direct energy deposition
- Material jetting
- Sheet lamination

Examples

- Fused deposition modeling (FDM or FFF)
- Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), mainly use polymers/resins
- Stereolithography (SLA)
- Binder Jetting (BJ)
- Mixture of material extrusion & powder bed fusion
- Liquid photopolymer, similar to inkjet
- Using sheets of material to build a part

fppt.com

Advantages and Disadvantages of 3D Printing

Advantages

- Fast (depending on 3D technology and material)
- Ability to reuse, edit and share 3D models with others.
- The computer aided design (CAD) files (such as STL files) are easy to customize and modify by trained users.
- Many parts can be produced at the same time allowing for production of an entire assembly or family of parts in one job.
- The machine can run unattended thus lowering labor costs.
- Multi-material printing is possible.
- Plethora of free instructional websites and online videos related to 3D printing.
- Free online 3D model repositories.

Disadvantages

- Slow (depending on 3D technology and material)
- The learning curve to CAD files is high.
- Not cost effective for high volume manufacturing.
- Currently limited to smaller parts.
- Thin sections are susceptible to collapse.
- Thick sections take longer to manufacture.
- Some types of 3D printers create 3D physical models that are susceptible to distortion and require material supports during the build.
- Some materials need post processing, cleaning, sanding or Ultraviolet ovens to solidify photo- reactive resins.

Barriers to 3D printing for the hand therapist

- From a rehab engineering standpoint, "3D printing within hand therapy is still very much in its infancy" Ben Salatin in Patterson, et.al, 2020
 - There are no purpose-built software programs for UE orthotic design. Which means a digital design needs to be created from scratch.
 - Digital design software programs (CAD) require huge learning curves because they are very technical and take a lot of time to learn. Many therapists may not be willing to invest the time or don't have the time due to heavy work loads in busy clinics.
- The foundation of capturing the patient's UE anatomy into a computer model is thru Scanning. Due to the complexity of the hand, sometimes it is difficult to get a high-resolution scan. Which then requires using more software to "clean-up the scan."

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Academia

At the Department of Occupational Therapy, School of Health and Human Sciences, Indiana University, students are taught digital design and fabrication technologies.

They are taught:

- <u>Acquisition</u>
- a) to acquire a 3D model they learn how to create designs in CAD programs
- b) How to use repositories to find completed designs/models, which are usually free aka "open source".

Preparation

Using a "slicing" software program to prepare and format the model into a "file" that provides instruction to the printer telling it what to print layer by layer, as well as other important details like temperature, the thickness of the walls etc.

<u>3D Printing</u>

Transferring the file to a printer via USB, WIFI, flash drive or SD card.

After printing the object, post-processing may be necessary to clean up any supports, smooth the surface

*Empowering new therapists with cutting edge technology will close some gaps and barriers.

Patterson, Salatin, Janson, Salinas & Mullins, 2020

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Current 3D Printing Trends for Applications in Hand Therapy

- Educational and Treatment tools
- ADL / Adaptive and Assistive devices
- Orthotics
- Prosthetics

Educational Tools

Yeggi.com (not free, but affordable - 3D printable models



Treatment Tools: Blocker











CAD model of a new blocker using Fusion360

CAD model



10 hour print

Print in progress





Adaptive Devices: Enlarged Handles and Knobs by wstein







45-60 min print \$0.50 in material cost

Wheelchair Door Ramp



Design by <u>shazmataz</u>:Thingiverse.com



8 hour print (each) \$5.00 each in material cost

ADL: Beard shaping tool

Beard shaping tool by <u>eried</u> October 03, 2016: Thingiverse.com

Trim your beard precisely.





Indispensable Dispenser

by Erazmataz May 17, 2015: Thingiverse.com



Orthotics





2-3 Day Lead Time !!!









Forearm based thumb spica



Digital Workflow

The Digital Workflow With 3D







Step 2: 3D Modeling of the Orthotic



Step 3: 3D Printing



• Fit orthosis

With 3D

Scan the extremity

- Make modifications to the scan as needed
- Model the orthosis over the scanned extremity

- Print the model
- Post-production

Step 4: Fitting

Prosthetics: Varying Levels of Limb Loss







And then there were none!



8 Hour EPIC Fail

Success! Completed Hand Prosthesis





Knick's Finger v.3.5.5

(Single Digit Amputation) by knick https://www.thingiverse.com/thing:1340624











Customizing Knick's Finger for P.S.



Customization: Measuring length for proper scale of digit with Digital Caliper



fppt.com

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Printing Digital Socket



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Customized 3D Printed Parts of the Knick's Finger for P.S.

Parts hot off the printing bed

Post Production Process: Parts Cleaned Up





Successful And Functional Print!



Knick's finger functional use



Actively Engaged Patient in his Treatment



Hanging Loose with the Knick's finger



Transmetacarpal Amputation



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Problem Solving for Fit and Function





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Fit and Function- Successful



Using Prosthetic as an Assist



Empowering Him to Figure Out What He CAN Do!





Kinetic Hand- Design by Mat Bowtell Free 3D Hands



FREE 3D HANDS

X

Giving Back to e-Nable Recipient: The higher the amputation the more complex the prosthesis is...



Used with permission: James Shin, MD, Exofix Labs, LLC

Scaling the Palm Piece through Photos and Fusion 360 (CAD)



Used with permission: James Shin, MD, Exofix Labs, LLC

Scaling and Fitting of Prosthesis





Used with permission: James Shin, MD, Exofix Labs, LLC

Gripper Palm Remixed V. G3D

by grit3d January 20, 2018 (Scooter Hand)











Patient's Goal is to be able to Hold onto Scooter Handle



Fabrication of Socket to Stabilize 3D Hand using BSN Medical Delta-Cast Conformable Material to Fabricate a Socket





Finishing Up Scooter Hand





тррт.com



Testing the Grip



Patient Sent Photos of Scooter Hand in Action



fppt.com

Scooter Hand in Action!



Fist Bump Made Possible! Thank You!!





Resources

- www.thingiverse.com
- www.shapeways.come4
- www.3dhubs.com
- i.materialise.com
- store.makerbot.com
- Spentys.com

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